

ANNUAL REPORT

2010

Al-Falah Bangladesh

www.alfalah.com.bd

Message from the Executive Director

Al-Falah Bangladesh was established in 1981 with the objective to work for the social, cultural and economic rehabilitation of the distressed Urdu-speaking community in the mainstream of Bangladesh society. The organization has been involved in various community development programs from the date of its inception in fields of health and sanitation, education and skill development, community mobilization, research, lobbying and advocacy.

The organization also initiated the legal process seeking the restoration of citizenship rights of the Urdu-speaking camp dwellers by mobilizing the young generation of the community and providing support to them in achieving their basic and human rights.

Over the past few years, Al-Falah Bangladesh using its young volunteers took up two major projects, the Community Development Center (CDC) and the Al-Falah Model Clinic.

Under the CDC, Foundations Schools in various parts of the country were set up to provide pre-primary education to children. Students of secondary and above grades are being sponsored to continue their studies at high school, college and university levels. In turn many of them work as voluntary teachers at the CDC keeping the cost of running the 40 foundation schools at minimum.

The Model Clinic which is situated in the Geneva Camp provides primary health care services to the 25 thousands of camp dwellers in Mohammadpur. These also include safe motherhood and mother and child health care services.

Three years ago we started the tradition of Annual Reports to update our donors and well-wishers on the activities of Al-Falah during the preceding year. The 2010 report is thus our third such attempt. You will note that the challenges facing the community remains as daunting as ever. Despite some silver linings on the horizon, there is a need to maintain the momentum especially in the area of self- help education which unfortunately is faced with curtailment due to lack of funding. We seek your continued interest and support. We also invite you to visit us, send your representatives & give us your valuable suggestions.

Ahmed Ilias

Executive Director

Al-Falah Bangladesh

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What has changed in 2010?

“Poverty is a human condition characterized by the sustained or chronic deprivation of the resources, capabilities, choices, security, and power necessary for the enjoyment of an adequate standard of living and other civil, cultural, political, and social rights.”(UN Committee on Economic, Social, and Cultural Right). In 2010 the Urdu speaking community still has no access to the aforesaid resources.

It is an irony that despite the declaration of their Bangladeshi citizenship, the marginalized Urdu-speaking camp dwellers are still being considered as a stateless community. This alarming misconception threatens to block all the paths of integration and mainstreaming of the community in future. The hard fact is that the policy makers, media, the human rights activists and the large portion of civil society are not adequately sensitized of the issues concerning the Urdu-speaking “linguistic minority”. The enlightened people in the society agree that there is an urgent need to bring the political parties, media, human rights activists and the civil society into confidence. They need to be aware about the human rights issues of this community particularly the disappointing situation in the field of education and skills.

Several studies and surveys of camps during 2004-2006 revealed that the literacy rate among the camp women was as low as only 6% compared to 73% among the female population (15-24) in Bangladesh. 47% children in camps could not have primary education due to poverty.

There is no doubt that new challenges have already emerged for them after the landmark judgment of the High Court. There are, however, two major concerns that required to be considered as top issues in the present situation. First is lack of political will of the government in the context of their mainstreaming and the second is the passive role of media, human rights organizations.

Efforts Continue

Under the above mentioned situation, Al-Falah Bangladesh has been continuing its efforts for the social, cultural and economic rehabilitation of the newly recognized Urdu-speaking Bangladeshi camp dwellers in the mainstream of the society. Besides, conducting research and study, Al-Falah Bangladesh has also been involved in providing community development services.

At the end of 2006, some well-wishers of the Urdu-speaking community at home and abroad encouraged and provided financial support to Al-Falah Bangladesh to initiate a self-help education and skill development program for the community. Accordingly the Community Development Center was set up in 2007 as a new project of Al-Falah Bangladesh, from its inception in 2007, the project has benefited a total of **2595** Urdu speaking students living in camps through its Foundation Schools, Sponsorship and Computer Training programs.

The Al-Falah Model Clinic at Geneva Camp was established in 1985, with the objective to provide primary health care services especially to mothers and their children. These services which include safe motherhood, family planning, immunizations for children and preventive measures against environmental diseases and complications are vital for the camp dwellers.

After years of neglect due to lack of funds, this project has been revived for the community in 2010.

Al-Falah & the community:

Al-Falah Bangladesh is a government registered, non-profit, non-political, non-religious, social welfare and voluntary organization. The organization was established in Dhaka in June 1981 to take over the Dhaka Camps Project from a Christian Mission NGO that had established the project in 1975 for the camp people, who were languishing in so-called refugee camps in the hope of their repatriation to Pakistan. Al-Falah, by conducting a situation analysis, came to the conclusion that all the camp people would not be able to have the opportunity of repatriation to Pakistan and most of them would have to live in Bangladesh.

There are estimated four hundred thousand Urdu speaking people in Bangladesh about two hundred thousand have been languishing in 116 large and small settlements, which are located in various cities, and towns of Dhaka, Rajshahi, Chittagong and Khulna Divisions. Geneva Camp in Dhaka is the largest single concentration of this community with about 25,000 populations. They have a distinct cultural background; speak Hindi and Urdu and observe strictly their cultural norms that their previous generation had brought with from the Indian State of Bihar and Uttar Pradesh, when India was partitioned in 1947. The partition forced the community to migrate from their own homeland to the then East Pakistan.

Vision: The Urdu speaking community must take part equally and with dignity in the national development as citizens of Bangladesh

Mission: To improve the quality of life of the Urdu speaking people and increase their access to education, skill, health, economic opportunities and cultural activities.

Activities of Al-Falah

i) Education:

- Provide sponsorship to the SSC/HSC/Degree level Students to continue their Higher education
- Continuation of Foundation Schools and Computer Classes
- Provide assistance to the foundation school students to get admission in Class I in public primary school

ii) Skill Development: We have made a modest beginning with the establishment of Computer Class in Geneva Camp for the youth of the community. The other skill development efforts relate to support for vocational training for adults with limited schooling. However, we have a long way to go to catch up in this sector.

iii) Health care: Al-Falah seeks to compliment the Health initiatives of Bangladesh Government in the areas of population control and prevention of environmental diseases among the camp dwellers. According to this policy Al-Falah is making endeavors to provide basic health services to the population of Geneva camp and other camps located around the camp in Mohammadpur. Al-Falah emphasizes Primary Health Care (PHC) as the key approach for improving health status of the camp people.

iv) Water and Sanitation: Health, water and sanitation are the major concerns of the camp people. Al-Falah Implemented Water and Sanitation pilot project in 2000 in

Town Hall Camp and Staff Quarters Camp in 2006. Both projects were implemented with support from CUP-UNICEF.



Community Development Centre:

The CDC was established in 2007 to promote education among the pre-school children through foundation schools and develop skills in young adults.

Foundation Schools:

1048 children got pre-primary education from 40 shifts of 26 Foundation Schools established at 9 centers in the reporting year 2010. Details are as under:

S.I. No.	Name of the locations	Centers	Schools	Gender		Total no. of students
				Boys	Girls	
1.	Mohammadpur of Dhaka Division	1	4	66	55	121
2.	Mirpur of Dhaka Division	5	7	85	71	156
3.	Mymensingh of Dhaka Division	1	2	31	12	43
4.	Pahartali, Khulshi of Chittagong Division	4	7	81	106	187
5.	Khalishpur of Khulna Division	4	5	77	73	150
6.	Syedpur of Rajshahi Division	7	8	103	104	207
7.	Rangpur of Rajshahi Division	1	3	51	39	90
8.	Ishurdi of Rajshahi Division	2	3	31	41	72
9.	Bogra of Rajshahi Division	1	1	09	13	22
Total		26	40	534	514	1048



CDC gave financial support to 296 children for their admission into public primary schools after completion of their pre-primary education in Foundation Schools in 2009

Sponsorship:

In 2010 a total of 111 students were given sponsorship for SSC/HSC and Degree level education. Details are as follows:

Name of Division	S.S.C*		S.S.C/BOU*		H.S.C*		H.S.C/BOU		Degree		Degree/BOU		Honors		Total
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
Dhaka	-	1	2	1	3	17	-	2	-	1	-	-	5	5	37
Chittagong	-	-	-	-	3	7	-	-	2	7	-	-	1	-	20
Khulna	-	-	-	-	15	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27
Syedpur	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	5
Bogra	-	-	-	-	3	12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15
Rangpur	-	-	-	-	3	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	1	-	7
Total	-	1	2	1	28	50	-	2	2	10	-	3	7	5	111

- * SSC : Secondary School Certificate
 HSC : Higher Secondary School Certificate
 BOU : Bangladesh Open University

Computer Class



27 students (15 male and 12 female) completed the basic course on computer literacy in 2010. CDC organized on 14 August 2010 a ceremony to distribute sponsorship among the 52 candidates for higher education & awarded certificates to students of Computer Class on completion of their computer literacy course. The ceremony was organized at YWCA and presided over by Mr. M.I. Farooqui, eminent lawyer and founder president of Al-Falah Bangladesh. Mr. Mustafa Jabbar, Chairman,

Bangladesh Computer Council was the chief guest. Among other special guests were Mr. Asad Chowdhury, President, Bangla-Urdu Literary Foundation, Mr. Annanya Raihan, and Executive Director of D.Net, Mr. Asef Saleh, Executive Director of Drishtipath and Mr. Md. Asghar Ali Khan, President, Al-Falah Bangladesh

Mr. Mustafa Jabbar, the Chief Guest of the program assured Al-Falah that he would provide all supports for further development of ITC programs for the camp based Urdu-speaking students. Other speakers appreciated the self-help education and skill development programs of Al-Falah& pledged supports to the community for their mainstreaming. Mr. Asghar Ali Khan, the incumbent President of Al-Falah Bangladesh thanked the guests and congratulated the recipients of certificates and sponsorships.



Sponsorship distribution programs were also organized in Khulna, Chittagong, and Bogra. In Bogra the President of City Awami League was the Chief Guest. There CDC gave sponsorship to 15 students and gifts from TIG were given to 25 children of Foundation School. First time some Bengali speakers in that meeting announced their contribution for the local organization for the CDC program.

Support from D'Net

Following the Certificate distribution ceremony in Dhaka on 14 August 2010, a meeting with Mr. Annanya Raihan, Executive Director, D'.Net, held in October 2010 in which the organization D.Net agreed to provide 10 CPUs to the Computer Class of CDC. D.Net will also train two Al-Falah's sponsored students as instructors of the Computer Class from January 2011.

OBAT Helpers

A meeting with Mr. Anwar Khan, President, OBAT Helpers, USA, held in Dhaka during his visit to Bangladesh in December 2010. OBAT also runs education project for the Urdu-speaking camp dwellers in Bangladesh. Mr. Khan was advised that Al-Falah would reduce its education programs in 2011 as a major sponsor TIG had informed that it would not donate any fund for 2011. The TIG will, however, consider application for 2012. Al-Falah proposed that OBAT Helpers take some of the Foundation Schools under its administration, so that the education program is not hampered due to fund constraints. Mr. Khan agreed and asked for submission of a proposal to OBAT in this regard. If the Board of OBAT Helpers do not approve the proposal to manage 18 of the Foundation Schools then Al-Falah will unfortunately have to close these down and manage the remaining 22 Foundation Schools which will function as usual.

Reopening of the Al-Falah Model Clinic:

From 1985 to 1990 Al-Falah managed to run this Clinic with local support. In 1991 ODA (Overseas Development Administration) of the British Government signed an Agreement with Al-Falah to provide financial and technical support for the Clinic. ODA later became BPHC (Bangladesh Population and Health Consortium), which continued its support to the Clinic up to 2000 when BPHC decided to divert its funds for rural development causing a major setback to Al-Falah Model Clinic.



After a long 10 years, the Al-Falah Model Clinic at the Geneva Camp once again opened to serve the community who had no adequate access to health services. The long closure had deprived the community of vital health services like immunization of the children, family planning and maternity services.

Dr. Arnold Sholder visited the clinic in 2009. He had come from USA to meet her daughter

Hannah Sholder, a Fulbright Scholar, who was doing her research on the Geneva Camp.



He was shocked & moved at the dilapidated state of the clinic and promised to raise fund to support Al-Falah in reorganizing the health services for the inmates of the Geneva camp. Accordingly, he mobilized some fund in USA for the repairing and renovation of the clinic and succeeded in securing a substantial amount of fund from Mr. Henry Posner Jr, Chairman of the Board of Directors of The Hawthorne Group, USA to reorganize the health services. Subsequently, new medical staffs were appointed and the Clinic was officially

opened on 23 July 2010 in a simple ceremony attended by the community leaders, inmates of camps and some special guests including Mr. Richard Geier, International Program Manager of UNDP, and his wife, Mr. Wasim Ahmad, Urban Planning Expert-UNDP & Mrs. Salma Shafi, Architect and Planner. President of Al-Falah Bangladesh, Mr. Md. Asghar Ali Khan formerly opened the clinic.

Objectives: This project was reopened with the objectives of providing health services to the 24000 populations of Geneva Camp, and Town Hall Camp, Market Camp, CRO Camp, Community Center Camp and Staff Quarters Camp located in Mohammadpur under Dhaka City Corporation's ward No. 42, 44 and 45. The Al-Falah Model Clinic is based in Geneva Camp, where about 25 thousand Urdu-speaking men, women and children reside. The Clinic reopened with the separate sections to deliver following services to the community: Antenatal check-up, Normal delivery, Postnatal care, Child Health Care, Health Education.

The project has been especially focusing on mothers, adolescents and the children as its main target communities.

Beneficiaries of health services:

Month	Mother	Child	Ante-Natal Check up	Delivery	Post-Natal	STI	General Female	General Male	Sugar Test	Pregnancy Test	Total
July	4	7	38	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	51
August	83	102	155	22	2	9	32	6	2	19	432
Sept	69	101	138	14	6	14	28	25	-	7	402
Oct	118	143	138	12	2	27	39	30	4	11	524
Nov	96	118	117	15	5	21	44	27	2	16	461
Dec	88	119	104	8	-	13	35	15	3	16	401
Total	458	590	690	72	15	84	178	104	11	69	2271

Child: Boys 349 + Girls 241 = 590

Health Education:

Under the Health Education program a team of 4 volunteers from the community, who are sponsored students in CDC, were specially trained as Health Educators. They work in this project for two hours daily in the Geneva Camp and disseminate health related information and educate women under reproductive age and the adolescents at field and clinic level. They provide education on issues concerning health and hygiene and disseminate information on subjects like:

- Safe Motherhood and risk at home delivery,
- Breast Feeding, Extended Program of Immunization, Child Nutrition, Worm Infection
- Family Planning, Personal Hygiene
- Reproductive Tract Infections

Primary Health Education disseminated among the group members in Geneva Camp

Month	Women Group Members at Field Age: 15-49 yrs	No of Groups	Adolescent Group Members at Field Age:10-18 Yrs	No of Groups	Women Group Members at Clinic Age: 15-49 yrs	No of Groups
July 2010	72	7	14	7	12	1
August	371	37	67	7	40	4
September	329	33	46	4	50	5
October	1350	138	112	11	70	7
November	1429	143	193	19	43	4
December	1289	129	173	17	35	3
Total	4840	487	563	65	250	24

Al-Falah Model Clinic has also taken up steps to renew its registration with the Directorate of Family Planning and has applied to the City Corporation for resumption of supply of vaccines for immunization of children.

British Women Association (BWA)

Members of the British Women Association, Dhaka visited the Clinic soon after its re-opening ceremony. After being impressed the BWA donated some medical furniture and equipment to the Al-Falah Model Clinic which include Delivery Bed, Electric Lamp for delivery room and Stretcher.

Hannah Shoulder

A Fulbright Scholar, who has come from USA to work with Al-Falah in a research project on how to integrate the Bihari Camps into existing slum development / improvement programs, Her research and study was collaborated with organizations such as the Center for Urban Studies, NDBUS, and UPPR (a project of UNDP).The UPPR has begun work in Rahmat Camp in Mirpur and was in the initial stages of organizing the Camp women to work on a wide range of issues such as education and employment access, as well as camp infrastructure and housing development.

Hannah's father Dr. Arnold Sholder mobilized fund in USA for the Al-Falah Model Clinic and Hannah herself contributed 80% cost with 20% from the community for the repair and new construction water and sanitation facilities in the CRO Camp in Mohammadpur.

She also organized a two months English Speaking course for the camp students in which 10 male and 18 female students participated, After completion of the course she took the students to the tourist place at Sonargaon, the old capital of Bangladesh and Srimangal in Sylhet a hilly region of north Bangladesh where the students talked with each others in English.

International Photo Exhibition

Al-Falah Bangladesh organized a week-long International Photo Exhibition and Photo Contest on the Human Rights issues of the Urdu-speaking camp dwellers on 18 May 2010 at the La Galerie Alliance Française in Dhaka. The Program was supported by the international as well as national sponsors like Six Oranges, Alliance Française de Dhaka, Nandan Groups and RMMRU (Refugee and Migratory Movements Research Unit). 42 selected photographs out of 500 entries from national and international photographers were displayed in the week long Exhibition that was inaugurated by Justice Amirul Kabir Chowdhury, Chairman, National Human Rights Commission. Prizes among the three winners were distributed by the Chief Guest, former Chief Justice and Chief Advisor of Caretaker Government Mr. Justice Muhammad Habibur Rahman on 22 May 2010. The purpose of this exhibition was to commemorate the landmark judgment of the High Court that restored the citizenship rights of the Urdu speaking camp dwellers by declaring them citizens of Bangladesh in May 2008.

Research and Study Programs:

Al-Falah Bangladesh has conducted various Researches and Studies to assess the community needs in respect of their social and economic issues and violation of their human rights. In this regard the **Baseline Survey Report 2004** & the **Report on Social Exclusion** of the Community that leads to increase in poverty are two significant and important:

Cost of Statelessness - An Analysis of Livelihoods: This project has been awarded to Al-Falah Bangladesh by the Kingston University, London, UK. This one year project started in September 2010 and will be completed in July 2011. The Aims and object of this project are:

- To gather data on the economic and social conditions of the formerly stateless people by means of a livelihoods survey of households in camps and outside camps in Bangladesh
- To measure the benefits brought by restorative initiatives in the country.
- To identify barriers regarding formerly stateless people's access to education, livelihoods and gender parity
- To disseminate the research findings by means of publications and policy briefs
- To inform government and UN policies and programs that address statelessness.

Donors in 2010:

1. Mr. Henry Posner Jr, for the Al-Falah Model Clinic
Chairman - Board of Directors
The Hawthorne Group, USA
2. Target International for Community Development Centre
Giving Program (TIG), USA
3. Kingston University, London Cost of Statelessness , a Livelihood
Analysis project

Apart from the TIG, Urdu-speaking donors at home and abroad also gave their financial supports to the self-help education and skill development programs of CDC in 2010. Notable among them were:

Dr. Hashmat Ashraf. Mr. Mohammad Shoaib
Mr. Monowar Usman. Mr. Zia A.Nadwi
Mr. Jawaid Hasan. Mr. Abdul Hayee
Mr. Azmat Ashraf. Mr. Hannan Majid

Visitors in 2010

- In Oct 2010 a delegation led by Mr. Kelly T. Clement, Deputy Assistant Secretary, Bureau of Population, Refugees, and Migration, U.S. State Department was visiting Bangladesh. They met with the Executive Director and other senior staff of Al-Falah Bangladesh and talked about human rights issues of the Urdu-speaking camp dwellers.
- A delegation from French Ministry of Information under the leadership of Mr. François DOYHARCABAL, office of the Protection of refugees and asylum seekers and National court for asylum visited Al-Falah Model Clinic and CDC projects in November 2010. They were informed of the prevailing situations in camps after the restoration of Bangladeshi citizenship to the Urdu-speaking camp dwellers and exchanged the views about socio-economic and human rights situation of Urdu-speaking community in Bangladesh.
- Among individual from abroad who visited Geneva camp and office of Al-Falah Bangladesh in the year of 2010 were:-
- Mr. Zafar Alam from USA. He donated some fund for electrical repairing in Patgodam Camp, Mymensingh. He also asked the Executive Director to develop some appropriate proposals on feasibility of future development of Al-Falah.
- Dr. Irfan Ahmed (PhD) who had come to Dhaka to take part in a conference “South Asia and Politics” as the visiting fellow of Max Planck Institute for the Study of Religious and Ethnic Diversity, Gottingen, Germany. The conference was organized in Dhaka by the BRAC University. He is a Lecturer in School of Political and Social Inquiries, Monash University, Melbourne, Australia. Being an Indian origin, Dr. Irfan was interest to know more about the social and economic conditions of the Urdu-speaking camp dwellers who are popularly known as Biharis.

Executive Committee:

The elected 7-member Executive Committee of Al-Falah Bangladesh oversees the executions of its resolutions, development and implementation of various programs and projects through the Executive Director. In 2010, 1 Annual General Meeting and 7 meetings of the Executive Committee were held. In the Annual General Meeting held on 31 July 2010, following office-bearers and members were elected in the Executive Committee for next two-year term:

No	Name	Office	Age	Qualification	Occupation
1	Mr. Md. Asghar Ali Khan	President	71	L.L.B.	Business
2	Mrs. Rahima Begum	Vice President	58	M.A	Housewife
3	Mr. Shamim Ahmed Khan	General Secretary	56	B.Com	Business
4	Syed Afzal Hussain	Treasurer	52	B.A	Service
5	Mr. Ashraful Haque Babu	Member	52	B.A	Business
6	Mrs. Sakina Begum	Member	45	B.A	Service
7	Ms. S. M. Reshma	Member	23	M.B.S	Service

Scholarships & grants for Al-Falah's Staff

Khalid Hussain is a young Urdu-speaking LLB who completed his law course while living in Geneva Camp and working with Al-Falah Bangladesh. He was sponsored by Office of the High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCR) of UN to undergo a 3-months training under English-speaking minority fellowship program held in Geneva from April-June 2008. OHCR invited him in December 2008 to give statement on language and culture in the newly established UN Forum by the Human Rights Council of UN. In April 2009 he took part in Durban Review Conference against racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance and in July 2009, he represented Bangladesh in an International Muslim Youth Leadership Program that was organized by the MOSAIC International Summer School, Cambridge U.K.

In 2010, Khalid was selected for the UNESCO international Leadership Training Program that was held in August 2010 in Connecticut University, USA. The UNESCO offered hospitality for food, accommodation and local transport. Khalid, however, could not pay for airfare. Al-Falah then made an appeal through internet. In response one Mr. Tahseen Ejaz from Canada sent 57, 000/- Taka to share his air ticket. Unfortunately Khalid did not get US visa and donated that money to Al-Falah for its education program.

Mohammad Hasan, the senior coordinator of Al-Falah Bangladesh visited USA in October 2010. He was selected by the US Embassy in Dhaka to attend a 21-day International Visitors Program of State Department. The participants from Bangladesh, India, Nepal, Afghanistan and Kazakhstan visited New York, Washington and Utah under this program.

Staffs of the Organization:

Name:	Designation:	Location:
1. Ahmed Ilias	Executive Director	Head Office
2. Ziauddin Ahmed	Accountant	Head Office
3. Mohammad Hasan	Senior Coordinator	Community Development Centre
4. Khalid Hussain	Asst. Coordinator	Community Development Centre
5. SeemaNaz	Asst. Coordinator	Community Development Centre
6. Md. Ali Imran	Asst. Coordinator	Community Development Centre
7. Shahed Ahmed	Coordinator	Cost of Statelessness
8. Dr. Khairun Nessa	Project Manager	Al-Falah Model Clinic
9. Anwari Begum	Paramedic	Al-Falah Model Clinic
10. Salma Naaz	Field Supervisor	Al-Falah Model Clinic
11. Nehal Ahmed	Registrar	Al-Falah Model Clinic
12. Nighat Sultana	Clinic Assistant	Al-Falah Model Clinic
13. Margrate D' Costa	Senior Midwife	Al-Falah Model Clinic
14. Haowa Begum	Midwife	Al-Falah Model Clinic
15. Lily Indoyar	Midwife	Al-Falah Model Clinic
16. Suile Baroi	Midwife	Al-Falah Model Clinic
17. Sumi Akhtar	Health Educator	Al-Falah Model Clinic
18. Sharmin Sultana	Health Educator	Al-Falah Model Clinic
19. Shirin Akhtar	Health Educator	Al-Falah Model Clinic
20. Gulnahr Khanam	Health Educator	Al-Falah Model Clinic
21. Husna Khatoon	Aya/Cleaner	Al-Falah Model Clinic
22. Farhat Jahan	Aya/Cleaner	Al-Falah Model Clinic
23. Nasreen Sultana	Aya/Cleaner	Al-Falah Model Clinic
24. Md. Mustaqueem	Guard	Al-Falah Model Clinic
25. Hayder Ali	Guard	Al-Falah Model Clinic
26. Md. Shakoor	Guard	Al-Falah Model Clinic
27. Shaheen Begum	Aya/Cleaner	Community Development Centre
28. Mukhtar Ahmed	Office Messenger	Community Development Centre